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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
   SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
 2
 3 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
 4
                                 Case No. 19-cr-375
 5
      -vs-
 6 LASHAUMBA RANDOLPH,
 7
                            Defendant.
 8
 9
                                 United States Courthouse
                                 White Plains, New York
10
                                 February 2, 2021
11
                                 2:33 p.m.
12
             ** VIA VIDEO AND TELECONFERENCE **
13
   Before:
14
                                 HONORABLE CATHY SEIBEL
15
                                 District Judge
16
   APPEARANCES:
17
   AUDREY STRAUSS
       United States Attorney for the
18
        Southern District of New York
19 DAVID FELTON
   EMILY DEININGER
20
      Assistant United States Attorneys
21
   SAPONE & PETRILLO, LLP
22 EDWARD V. SAPONE
       Attorney for Defendant
23
   ALSO PRESENT:
24
   SAMUEL BRAVERMAN
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THE DEPUTY CLERK: Good afternoon, Judge.
 1
 2
             THE COURT: Hello.
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Judge, this matter is United States
 3
  v. Randolph. We have on here via video for the government,
  Mr. David Felton, and we have on via audio AUSA Emily Deininger.
  We have the defendant, Mr. Lashaumba Randolph on via video, and
 7
   we have defendant's counsel on, Mr. Edward Sapone, on via video,
   and our court reporter, Darby, is on, Judge.
 9
             THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, everyone.
10
             For some reason I don't see Mr. Randolph. I see just
   the icon for him. Let me try to figure out why that is. Oh,
11
12
   there he is. All right. Good afternoon, everyone.
13
             THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Our first order of business ought to be
14
   the fact that we are doing this proceeding by video rather than
15
   in person, and the parties submitted a letter regarding why I
16
   should conclude that the CARES Act permits that. My first step
17
   in that process is to talk to Mr. Randolph.
18
19
             Mr. Randolph, have you spoken to Mr. Sapone about your
20
   right to have this proceeding in person in court? I can't hear
21
         I think you are on mute.
   you.
22
             THE DEFENDANT: Can you hear me?
23
             THE COURT:
                         There you go.
24
             THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Yes, ma'am, I did.
25
             THE COURT: And do you understand that -- sorry about
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My dog sees something outside.
   that.
 2
             Do you understand that you have a right to have this
  proceeding in court in person with Mr. Sapone standing beside
   you?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am, I do.
 6
             THE COURT: And do you understand that because of the
   pandemic we can't do that right away, but we could do it in the
   future?
 9
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
             THE COURT: And do you understand that if you would
10
11 like to proceed by video, we can do that with your consent?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. And I would like to
12
13 proceed.
14
             THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or coerced you
15 or forced you to agree with that?
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. They have not.
16
             THE COURT: All right. And do you understand that if
17
   down the road you are not happy with how things work out, you
18
19
   are not going to be able to raise a complaint that your plea was
20
   taken by video means rather than in person?
21
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand that. Yes, Your Honor.
22
             THE COURT: And do you understand if you need to speak
23 privately to Mr. Sapone during this proceeding, we will make
24
  sure that that occurs?
25
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. Thank you.
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All right. And, Mr. Sapone, you have
 1
             THE COURT:
   spoken to your client about these issues?
 2
             MR. SAPONE: Yes, Your Honor, and I am confident that
 3
  he fully understands that if he wanted to, we could all be
   together. I could be right next to him. He really wants to get
   on with it, Your Honor. He prefers to do it this way.
 7
             THE COURT: All right. And, Mr. Felton, do you think
   there is anything further I need to ask Mr. Randolph?
 9
             MR. FELTON: No, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: All right. Well, I find that Mr. Randolph
10
  has knowingly, intelligently and voluntarily waived his right to
12
   an in-person sentencing. I also find essentially for the
   reasons set forth in Ms. Deininger's letter of January 28th that
13
   the plea cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the
14
   interests of justice given that in-person proceedings are
15
   currently in suspense, and the trial is set for three months
16
   from now, and the parties already may be at work, and in the
17
   short term will have significant pretrial preparation and put in
18
   a lot of resources getting ready for a trial that Mr. Randolph
19
20
   doesn't want to have.
21
             Further, the victims have an interest in getting a
22 restitution order, if there is to be one, sooner rather than
23
   later; and there doesn't seem to be any need for either side to
24
  either engage in unnecessary interstate travel during the
   pandemic or have witnesses do so to prepare for a trial that
25
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both sides have agreed to avoid. So I do find that the CARES
  Act permits us to go forward by video.
             With that, let me ask Mr. Clark to place Mr. Randolph
 3
  under oath.
  LASHAUMBA RANDOLPH, having been duly sworn, testified as
  follows:
 7
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Okay. Please state your full name
 8
   for the record and spell it out slowly.
10
             THE DEFENDANT: Lashaumba Randolph. L-A-S-H-A-
11 U-M-B-A, Randolph, R-A-N-D-O-L-P-H.
12
             THE COURT: Mr. Randolph, do you understand that you
13 are now under oath, and if you answer any of my questions
14 | falsely, your false answers could later be used against you in a
15 separate prosecution for perjury or making a false statement?
16
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am, I do.
17
             THE COURT: How old are you?
18
             THE DEFENDANT:
                            Forty-five.
19
             THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
20
             THE DEFENDANT: Four-year degree, bachelor's.
21
             THE COURT: So you are able to --
22
             THE DEFENDANT: I am sorry. Excuse me, Your Honor.
23 |That's my dog. She just opened the door and came in the room.
24
   Yeah. She's got a mind of her own.
25
             THE COURT: That's all right. Don't worry. As long
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as she is not distracting you, it's okay with me.
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: All right. So you said you have a
 3
 4 four-year degree?
 5
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 6
             THE COURT: So you are able to read, write, speak and
 7
   understand English?
 8
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am. Yes, I can. Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: Are you now, or have you recently been,
10 under the care of a medical doctor?
11
             THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, I was under -- yes, ma'am.
  mean, I -- I mean, like general care or like not -- no mental
12
13 issues or anything of that nature. No. Not like that.
             THE COURT: All right. Well --
14
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Like general care physician? Yeah.
   get a physical every year. Yes, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Okay. Beyond, you know, going for your
17
   annual checkup, are you being treated for any sorts of
18
   conditions or illnesses?
19
20
             THE DEFENDANT: Well, I am pre-diabetic right now, but
21 I am controlling that with diet and excise, actually.
22
             THE COURT: Okay. So you are not on any medication?
23
             THE DEFENDANT: No. I am not.
24
             THE COURT: All right. And you anticipated my next
   question, which is: Are you now or have you recently been under
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the care of a mental health professional?
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. I have not.
             THE COURT: All right. Have you ever been treated for
 3
   any mental illness or any type of addiction?
 5
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. I haven't.
 6
             THE COURT: In the past 24 hours, have you taken any
 7
   drugs, medicine or pills or drunk any alcohol?
 8
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. I don't.
 9
             THE COURT: Is your mind clear today?
10
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, it is.
11
             THE COURT: Are you feeling all right?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
12
13
             THE COURT: All right. Now I understand you want to
14 plead guilty to Count Two of Indictment 19-cr-375, which charges
   conspiracy to commit wire fraud; is that correct?
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Correct. Yes, ma'am.
16
             THE COURT: Have you had a full opportunity to discuss
17
   your case with your lawyer and to discuss the consequences of
18
19 pleading guilty?
20
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.
21
             THE COURT: Are you satisfied with Mr. Sapone and his
22 representation of you?
23
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am.
24
             THE COURT: Does either counsel have any doubt as to
25 the defendant's competence to plead at this time?
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MR. FELTON: No, Your Honor.
 1
 2
             MR. SAPONE: No, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: On the basis of Mr. Randolph's responses
 3
   to my questions, my observations of his demeanor, and the views
   of counsel, I found that he is fully competent to enter an
  informed plea at this time.
 7
             Before I take your plea, though, Mr. Randolph, I am
   going to ask you questions in order to satisfy myself that you
   are guilty and that you fully understand the consequences of
10
   your plea.
11
             First, I am going to describe certain rights you have
   under the Constitution and laws of the United States, which
12
13
   rights you will be giving up if you plead guilty. Please listen
   carefully. If I say anything that you don't understand, stop
14
15 me, and either Mr. Sapone or I will explain it further. Okay?
16
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: You have the right to be represented by
17
   counsel at trial and at every stage of the case, and if you
18
19
   could not afford counsel, counsel would be appointed to
20
   represent you for free. Do you understand that?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.
21
22
             THE COURT: You have a right to a speedy and public
23
   trial by a jury on the charges against you. Do you understand
24
   that?
25
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
                                          I do.
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If there were a trial, you would be
 1
             THE COURT:
  presumed innocent, and the government would be required to prove
 2
   you guilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt.
   You would not have to prove you were innocent at a trial.
   you understand that?
 6
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 7
             THE COURT: If there were a trial, a jury composed of
  12 people selected from this district would have to find
   unanimously that you were guilty. In other words, you could
10
   only be found guilty if all 12 agreed that you were guilty. Do
   you understand that?
11
12
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
13
             THE COURT: If there were a trial, you would have the
14
  right to see and hear all of the witnesses against you, and your
   lawyer could cross-examine them. You would have the right to
15
   have your lawyer object to the government's evidence and offer
   evidence on your behalf if you so desired, and you would have
17
   the right to have subpoenas issued to compel witnesses to come
18
   to court if you wanted to call them to testify in your defense.
19
20
   Do you understand that?
21
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
                                          I do.
22
             THE COURT: If there were a trial, you would have the
23 right to testify if you wanted to, but no one could force you to
24 testify if you did not want to. Further, no inference or
   suggestion of quilt could be drawn if you chose not to testify
25
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at trial. In other words, the jury would be told that it could
  not hold it against you if you chose not to testify. Do you
   understand that?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.
 5
             THE COURT: Do you understand that by pleading quilty
  today, you will be giving up all the rights I have described
   except the right to counsel?
 8
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 9
             THE COURT: Do you understand that except for the
10 right to counsel, you are waiving these rights going forward and
   giving them up for the rest of the case?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.
12
13
             THE COURT: Do you understand you will have no trial,
   and you will be found quilty based just on your plea of quilty?
14
15
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: Do you understand it's completely your
16
17 choice whether to plead guilty or go to trial?
18
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.
             THE COURT: Do you understand if you wanted to change
19
20 your mind right now and decide not to plead guilty, that would
  be allowed?
21
22
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.
23
             THE COURT: All right. You have received a copy of
24 the indictment, which is numbered 19-cr-375?
25
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
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THE COURT: Have you read it?
 1
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
 3
             THE COURT: And did you discuss it with Mr. Sapone?
                             I did.
 4
             THE DEFENDANT:
             THE COURT: Did you tell him everything you know about
 5
   the case?
 7
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
 8
             THE COURT: Do you understand you are charged in Count
   Two with participating in a conspiracy to commit wire fraud?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
10
11
             THE COURT: Mr. Felton, what are the elements of that
   offense?
12
             MR. FELTON: Your Honor, the elements of the offense
13
        First, that an agreement or understanding to commit wire
14
15
   fraud existed between two or more persons; and second, that each
   defendant knowingly became a member of the charged conspiracy.
16
   The government would also need to prove by a preponderance of
17
   the evidence that venue was appropriate in the Southern District
18
   of New York.
19
20
             THE COURT: And what are the elements of wire fraud?
21
             MR. FELTON: One moment, Your Honor.
22
             THE COURT: I think I know what they are.
23
             MR. FELTON: Your Honor, I apologize. My document on
24 the computer is freezing when I am trying to load it, and I
   don't want to speak inaccurately in response to the Court's
25
```

12

question. 2 THE COURT: All right. I think I would be shooting from the hip as well. I believe it is a scheme or artifice to defraud or to obtain money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations or promises. Second, that the defendant knowingly and willfully participated in the scheme with intent to defraud, and that a facility in interstate commerce was used to accomplish the fraud. 9 Those are the elements of completed wire fraud. Here, 10 the -- here, the charge is conspiracy to commit wire fraud. Just give me one second, though, and let me check my work on 12 that. 13 MR. FELTON: Your Honor, I have the document up, and that sounds accurate to me. I didn't quite catch what you said 14 15 for the third element, but I have that the defendant used a wire communication in furtherance of the scheme. 16 THE COURT: All right. Another way of putting what I 17 said, I think. 18 19 Mr. Randolph, do you understand if you chose not to 20 plead guilty, the government would have to prove each part or element of that charge beyond a reasonable doubt at trial? 21 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. 23 THE COURT: All right. Now let's talk about the 24 possible penalties. Do you understand that Count Two carries a

25 maximum prison term of 20 years, a maximum supervised release

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term of three years, a maximum fine of the greater of $250,000
  or twice the gross gain or loss from the offense, plus a
  mandatory $100 special assessment?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Do you also understand that I must order
  restitution to any person or entity injured as a result of your
   criminal conduct?
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: Do you understand that supervised release
10 refers to a period of monitoring and supervision following a
11 prison term?
12
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
13
             THE COURT: There are terms and conditions of
  supervised release with which you must comply, and if you do not
14
   comply with them, you could be returned to prison without a jury
15
   trial. Do you understand that?
16
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
17
             THE COURT: Do you understand that if you violate the
18
19 terms or conditions of supervised release and are returned to
20
   prison, the new prison term could be for part or all of the term
   of supervised release, and you would not get credit for time
21
   previously served in prison on your sentence or for time
22
23
   previously served on supervised release?
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
24
25
             THE COURT: Are you a United States citizen?
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1
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes, I am.
 2
             THE COURT: Do you understand that your guilty plea
  may deprive you of valuable civil rights such as the right to
   vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a
   jury, the right to hold certain professional licenses, and the
   right to possess any kind of firearm?
 7
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand.
 8
             THE COURT: Do you understand that there are
   sentencing guidelines that I must consider in determining an
10
   appropriate sentence in your case?
11
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand, ma'am.
12
             THE COURT: Have you talked to Mr. Sapone about the
13 quidelines?
14
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
15
             THE COURT: Do you understand that I will not be able
   to determine the relevant sentencing guidelines range for your
   case until after a presentence report has been completed by the
17
   probation office, and you and the government have had a chance
18
19
   to challenge any of the facts reported by the probation office?
20
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
21
             THE COURT: Do you further understand that even after
22 I determine what guidelines range applies to your case, the
23
   guidelines provide me with the ability to depart from the range
24 calculated under the guidelines and to impose a sentence that is
   above or below that range?
25
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1
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             I understand. Yes, ma'am.
 2
             THE COURT: After I determine the appropriate
   guideline range, and after I determine whether under the
   quidelines an upward or downward departure from that range is
   called for, I will then determine the proper sentence in your
   case having in mind, not only the sentencing guidelines, but
   each of the factors set forth in Title 18 United States Code
   Section 3553(a), a statute that requires me to take into account
   a number of factors in addition to the sentencing quidelines in
10
   considering the appropriate sentence for your case. Do you
11
   understand that?
12
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
13
             THE COURT: So even after I determine the guidelines
   range for your case, I must also consider these other factors,
14
   and I might settle on a sentence higher or lower than what the
15
16
   guidelines recommend. Do you understand that?
                             I understand. Yes, ma'am.
17
             THE DEFENDANT:
18
             THE COURT: Do you understand there is no parole in
19
   the federal system, and you will not be released early on
   parole?
20
21
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             I understand that. Yes, ma'am.
22
             THE COURT: Do you understand that if anyone has
23
   attempted to estimate or predict what your sentence will be,
24
   their estimate or prediction could be wrong?
25
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
```

16

No one, not even your lawyer or the 1 THE COURT: government's lawyer, can or should give you any assurance as to 2 what your sentence will be. I am going to decide your sentence, and I'm not going to do that now. I can't do it until after the probation office completes the presentence report, and I have ruled on any challenges to the report, calculated the guidelines range, determined whether there are grounds to depart up or down from that range, and considered all the statutory factors. So nobody, not even I, can predict what I am going to decide in the future to be the appropriate sentence in your case. 10 understand all that? 11 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. 13 THE COURT: Do you also understand that if your sentence is different from what your lawyer or anyone else told 14 you it might be, or if it's different from what you expect, or 15 if it's different from what's contained in your plea agreement 16 with the government, you will still be bound by your guilty 17 plea, and you will not be allowed to withdraw your quilty plea? 18 19 THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am. 20 THE COURT: All right. Now I have been given a plea agreement, which is signed by the government. It doesn't look 21 22 like it's been signed by Mr. Sapone or Mr. Randolph. 23 January 21st, 2021. Is there a signed version somewhere? 24 MR. SAPONE: This is Ed Sapone, Your Honor. There

25 certainly is, and the way I would suggest we handle it is either

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we could give Your Honor permission, if you chose to do that, to
  sign, or I could get that copy, dig it up and get it to you
 3 ASAP.
             THE COURT: All right. Well, why don't you just send
   the fully-signed copy to Mr. Clark, and we will have it on for
 6 our file? It doesn't get publicly filed, anyway. Let me see if
  I know how to screen share.
 8
             Walter, you are going to have to teach me. How do
  I -- can I screen share on here? You're on mute.
10
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Judge, let me make you a presenter,
  and that should be able to let you do that. Just give me one
12 moment.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
14
             (Pause)
15
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Judge, I don't know why. I don't
16 know if it's because I am using my phone. I know if I was doing
  it on my computer, I could do it. I'm just trying to figure out
17
  how I can do it via my phone, Judge.
18
19
             THE COURT: And you can't -- you are on your phone, so
20 you can't pull up the plea agreement?
21
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: That is correct, Judge.
22
             THE COURT: I do want to be able to show it to
23 Mr. Randolph.
24
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: I might have an solution, Judge.
25 Let me see if I can go on the computer and -- just give me one
```

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18
                             PROCEEDINGS
   moment.
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, if it would help you, I
  mean, I should still have it in my email when they sent it to
  me. Would you like me to read it or --
             THE COURT: Well, I want to make sure that the one you
 5
  have and the one that we have are the same one.
 7
             THE DEFENDANT: All right.
             THE COURT: In the meantime, while we are working on
 8
   that, let ask you this.
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
10
11
             THE COURT: The plea agreement that you have, is it
12 dated January 21st, 2021?
             THE DEFENDANT: Let me go into my email and pull it up
13
14 now.
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
             THE DEFENDANT: Just one moment.
16
             THE COURT: And, Mr. Sapone, maybe you can tell us
17
  if -- I don't know if you've sent one or more versions to your
19
   client, but did you send him the January 21 version?
```

18

20 MR. SAPONE: Yes. So we sent it to him last night, 21 Your Honor, and you should know that as you were speaking with 22 him a few moments ago, I re-sent it. So he should have it

23 twice.

24 THE COURT: All right. And --

25 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Yes, ma'am.

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THE COURT:
                         Is that the first plea agreement that's
 1
   gone his way or have there been earlier versions?
 2
 3
            MR. SAPONE: Well --
 4
             THE COURT: I only ask because, you know, what's been
  happening in a couple of pleas lately is the lawyer and client
  have gone over an earlier version of the agreement in detail,
   and this most recent one they only went over the changes.
   that what happened here or have you gone over this one in
   paragraph-by-paragraph detail?
10
             MR. SAPONE: Right. So we went over this one in
11 recent time. This is the one and --
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
            MR. SAPONE: -- so he hasn't had any other version.
14 He had this many times over, actually.
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Correct. I do.
16
             THE COURT: All right. So I see Mr. Randolph is
17 holding a paper plea agreement. Is it dated January 21st of
18
   this year?
19
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. It is.
20
             THE COURT: All right. And did you read this
   agreement in full?
21
22
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.
23
             THE COURT: Did you discuss it with Mr. Sapone in
24 full?
25
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             I did.
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THE COURT: And did you sign a version of it and send
 1
 2
  it back to Mr. Sapone?
 3
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I did.
 4
             THE COURT: All right. And do you fully understand
   the agreement?
 6
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 7
             THE COURT: You discussed everything in it with your
   lawyer?
 8
 9
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: And, Mr. Sapone, you discussed everything
10
11 in the agreement with your client?
12
             MR. SAPONE: Yes, I did, Your Honor.
13
             THE COURT: Do you believe he fully understands the
14
  agreement?
15
            MR. SAPONE: Yes, I do.
             THE COURT: And, Mr. Randolph, do you believe you
16
   fully understand the agreement?
17
18
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.
19
             THE COURT: All right. Is the written agreement dated
20
   January 21st, does that written agreement contain the complete
21
   understanding between and you the government concerning your
22
   case?
23
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I believe it does.
24
             THE COURT:
                        Is there any promise, agreement,
25 understanding or deal that you have with the government that's
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25

PROCEEDINGS

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not written down in that plea agreement?
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: Not to my knowledge. No, ma'am.
             THE COURT: All right. So the plea agreement is the
 3
  whole deal, and there is no side deal?
 5
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
 6
             THE COURT: Well, am I correct that the plea agreement
 7
   is the entire deal, and there is no side deal?
 8
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 9
             THE COURT: That's correct? Okay.
             Has anyone threatened you or forced you or coerced you
10
   to plead guilty or to enter into the plea agreement?
11
12
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. They have not.
             THE COURT: Besides the government's promises in the
13
  plea agreement, has anyone promised you anything or offered you
14
   any inducements to plead quilty or to enter into the plea
15
16
   agreement?
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
17
             THE COURT: Has anyone made a promise to you as to
18
19
   what your sentence would be?
20
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am.
21
             THE COURT: Now, I see that the plea agreement
22 contains agreements or stipulations regarding the sentencing
23
   guidelines. Do you understand that those agreements regarding
24 the guidelines are binding on you, and they are binding on the
   government, but they are not binding on me?
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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
 1
                                          I understand.
 2
                         I will, of course, consider what you and
             THE COURT:
   the government have agreed to in the plea agreement, but I will
   be making my own determination of your quidelines range. Do you
   understand that?
 6
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
 7
             THE COURT: And do you further understand that under
   the plea agreement, you are giving up your right to appeal or
   otherwise attack or challenge the sentence as long as I sentence
   you within or below the stipulated guidelines range of 51 to
10
   63 months' imprisonment?
11
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
12
13
             THE COURT: And do you further understand that under
14
   the plea agreement, you are giving up your right to appeal or
   otherwise attack or challenge any fine of $200,000 or less, any
15
   forfeiture amount of $9,500 or less, and any special assessment
16
   of $100 or less?
17
18
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
19
             THE COURT: And do you further understand that the
20
   only exception to these waivers is that you do retain the right
   to bring claims of ineffective assistance of counsel?
21
22
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
23
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Sapone, do you know of a
24 valid defense that would prevail at trial or any reason why your
   client should not be permitted to plead quilty?
25
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I do not, Your Honor, and he wishes to
 1
             MR. SAPONE:
   accept full responsibility.
 2
 3
             THE COURT: Do you believe there is an adequate
   factual basis to support the plea?
 5
             MR. SAPONE: Yes, Your Honor.
 6
             THE COURT: Mr. Felton, do you believe there is an
 7
   adequate factual basis to support the plea?
 8
             MR. FELTON: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
 9
             THE COURT: Could you please summarize what the
10
   government would prove if the case went to trial?
11
             MR. FELTON: Yes, Your Honor. My computer issues are
12
  behind me, so I will be able to read from what I have prepared.
13
             If this case were to proceed to trial, the government
  would prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Randolph conspired
14
   with others, including co-defendant Marvin Williams, to
15
   willfully and knowingly commit wire fraud. Evidence would show
16
   that Randolph provided fraudulent VIN stickers and fake car
17
   titles to Williams, and that Randolph's conspirators, including
18
19
  Williams, made misrepresentations regarding stolen cars to car
20
   purchasers.
21
             The government would expect to present the following
   evidence, among other things: Signal phone messages between
22
23
   Williams and Randolph in which, among other things, Randolph
24
  agreed to and does provide Williams with a fake title and
   fraudulent VIN label for a stolen Dodge Charger Hellcat.
25
```

24

Additional signal messages show Randolph following 1 through with Randolph sending Williams photos of FedEx and 2 mailing receipts for the Dodge Charger Hellcat, fake title and VIN. As victim and cooperating witnesses would testify, this Dodge Charger Hellcat, for which Randolph provided fraudulent paperwork, was sold by Williams in the Bronx to a car-buyer victim to whom Williams made misrepresentations about the stolen car's history and status. In the signal phone messages between Williams and Randolph, they also discuss a variety of additional fake titles 10 11 and fraudulent VIN labels for Randolph to provide Williams for 12 stolen cars, including a Ford F-150, a Land Rover Range Rover, a 13 Lamborghini and a Ford Expedition XLT. In the signal phone messages Williams repeatedly asks Randolph to quote-unquote 14 15 "decode VINs" for stolen cars where Williams gives Randolph the original VIN; tells Randolph that they need to be decoded and asks Randolph to create fraudulent VIN labels with new numbers. 17 Randolph agrees and repeatedly sends screen shots to Williams of 18 19 Carfax pages for the stolen cars with new altered fraudulent 20 VINs. 21 In the signal phone messages they also discuss fake titles that Williams received from a different source. Here, 22 23 Williams noted that they had been working out in South Dakota 24 for months now, and Randolph responded "Nice." And later told Williams to be careful and don't mess up a good thing, and 25

Randolph added, "I can get other states, then."

PROCEEDINGS

NGS 25

They discuss Randolph putting fake names such as 2 Navrin Williams, Oscar Williams, and Narvin Williams instead of "Marvin Williams" on mailings Randolph sends to Marvin Williams. 5 In the signal phone messages there are numerous FedEx screen shots, packaged photos and receipts of items mailed between Williams and Randolph, including from an entity controlled by Randolph called Randolph Holdings. In the signal phone messages Williams also provides Randolph with his banking information, and the next day Randolph tells Williams that he 10 sent a \$7,000 wire to Williams. So that's some of the evidence 11 12 from the signal messages. 13 The government would also expect to present testimony from a cooperating witness that he was introduced to Randolph by 14 15 a Florida-based source of stolen cars; that he received numerous fake VIN labels to re-VIN cars and fake titles from Randolph 16 through the mail, and he fraudulently registered approximately a 17 half dozen cars for Randolph with the South Dakota DMV. 18 19 The government would also expect to present recovered 20 evidence from a search of Williams' residence, including mailings from Randolph, including numerous fraudulent car 21 22 titles, which Randolph and Williams discuss in phone messages, 23 and which Williams would testify he received from Randolph, and 24 a letter from Randolph to Williams in which Randolph writes, "You or your people did the paperwork for the two Ford trucks." 25

And Randolph further writes that a coconspirator of theirs is in

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EDINGS 26
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a situation right now, and he wants to keep you a secret.
             Randolph also writes, "I don't really care. I just
 3
  need those titles!" And Randolph also writes, "Maybe we can help
   each other!!!!"
 6
             The government would also expect to present bank
 7
   records and Cash App records showing that Randolph was paid
   $9,500 from Williams via Cash App. Randolph's Cash App profile
   lists Randolph's full name and includes a recognizable
10
   photograph of Randolph in an orange shirt.
11
             Additionally, the government would also expect to
12
   present recordings and transcripts of communications intercepted
13
   pursuant to a court-authorized wiretap of a phone used by
14
  Williams in which, among other things, they discuss a variety of
15
   fake titles and fraudulent VIN stickers for Randolph to provide
   Williams for stolen cars, including a Ford F-150 SuperCrew and a
16
   Chevrolet Corvette. Both of these cars, for which Randolph
17
18
   provided the fraudulent paperwork, were sold by Williams to
  multiple car-buyer victims to whom Williams made
19
20
   misrepresentations about the stolen cars' history and status.
   Williams even drove the Corvette in White Plains, New York.
21
22
             Randolph and Williams were also intercepted discussing
23 Randolph sending Williams counterfeit titles and paperwork from
24 additional states so that they can spread it around a little bit
   and try something else out and mix it up so that the false
25
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paperwork would seem less suspicious to the South Dakota DMV.
 2
             The government would also expect to present the
   contents of a phone used by Randolph in which, among other
   things, Randolph has search and browser history for how to clean
   titles, how to clean car titles off, how to clean ink off legal
   documents, and for how to clear title.
 7
             Among the other evidence would include additional fake
   titles and VIN labels recovered from victims and stolen
   vehicles, photographs and other evidence regarding recovered
10
   stolen cars, law enforcement testimony regarding physical
   surveillance, toll records, and a common call analysis showing
11
   Randolph was in contact with both Williams and co-defendant
12
13
   Cliphas Belfon, South Dakota Department of Motor Vehicles
   records, and cell phone location data.
14
15
             Collectively, the evidence would show that Randolph
   participated in the purchase, sale or transportation of stolen
16
   cars worth at least $550,000, but less than $1.5 million.
17
18
             Additionally, bank records and text message
19
   communications between coconspirators would show that Williams
20
   opened and maintained a bank account in the Bronx, New York,
   which at least one coconspirator made wire transfers from a bank
21
   in Connecticut to fund the purchase of stolen cars in
22
23
   furtherance of the conspiracy.
24
             THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Felton.
25
             Mr. Randolph, can you tell me --
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1
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes, ma'am.
 2
             THE COURT: Can you tell me in your own words what you
 3 did that makes you guilty?
             MR. SAPONE: Your Honor, this is Ed Sapone.
 4
  Mr. Randolph and I have prepared his allocution, and he has a
  written version, which are his words with the assistance of
   counsel. Could he read from his notes?
 8
             THE COURT: That's fine with me as long as you and he
   went over it, and he adopts everything that's on the piece of
10
   paper.
11
             Mr. Randolph, it's fine with me if you want to read
12
   the summary that you prepared with your lawyer as long as you
13
   understand that these are your words and, you know, it all needs
   to be true.
14
15
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I understand.
16
             THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
             THE DEFENDANT: In 2018, I knowingly and willfully
17
   agreed with others to engage in a scheme to defraud vehicle
18
19
  purchasers in Westchester County, New York and elsewhere by
20
   misrepresenting to them the origins and legal status of
   identifying information on stolen vehicles. Some of these
21
22 misrepresentations were made during telephone calls and text
23 messages, as well as online advertisements.
24
             As part of this scheme, I assisted in providing false
   vehicle identification numbers, titles and bills of sales used
25
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in connection with the sale of stolen vehicles.
 2
             At the time that I did this, I knew that they were
   false. I knew that what I did was wrong and illegal, and for
   that, I am eternally sorry. And I know I let my family down,
   and I know I let myself down and my area down, so I want to
   wholeheartedly apologize for that. And at this time, I'm sorry.
 7
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Randolph.
 8
             Did anybody threaten you or coerce you or force you to
  be involved in this activity?
             THE DEFENDANT: No, ma'am. They did not.
10
11
             THE COURT: Does either lawyer think I need to ask any
12 further questions about the facts?
            MR. FELTON: No, Your Honor.
13
14
             MR. SAPONE: No, Your Honor.
15
             THE COURT: All right. Let me ask you formally now,
  Mr. Randolph -- oh, actually, before I get to that, do you admit
   the forfeiture allegations and agree to forfeit the proceeds of
17
   your participation -- sorry. Let me try that again.
18
             Do you admit to the forfeiture allegations regarding
19
20
   Count Two and agree to forfeit to the government the proceeds of
   the offense?
21
22
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
23
             THE COURT: All right. Now I will ask you formally:
24 How do you plead to the charge in Count Two of Indictment 19-cr-
25 375, quilty or not quilty?
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I plead quilty, Your Honor.
 1
             THE DEFENDANT:
 2
             THE COURT: Are you, in fact, guilty of that charge?
 3
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am, I am.
             THE COURT: Are you pleading quilty voluntarily and of
 4
   your own free will?
 6
             THE DEFENDANT:
                             Yes, I am.
 7
             THE COURT: Because you acknowledge that you are
   quilty as charged in Count Two, because I find you know your
   rights and are waiving them voluntarily with an understanding of
   the consequences of your plea, including the potential sentences
10
   that may be imposed, and because I find your plea is entered
   knowingly and voluntarily, and is supported by an independent
12
13
   basis in fact containing each of the essential elements of the
14
   offense, I accept your quilty plea and adjudge you quilty of
   that offense.
15
             As I mentioned, the probation office is going to
16
   prepare a presentence report to assist me in sentencing you.
17
   You will be interviewed by the probation office in connection
18
19
   with that report. You can, and should, have Mr. Sapone with you
20
   during that interview. If you say anything to Probation, the
21
   information you give must be truthful and accurate. The report
   will be important to my decision as to what your sentence will
22
      You and your lawyer have the right and will have the
23
24
   opportunity to study the report, to challenge it, and to comment
25
   on it before I sentence you. So it's important that when the
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31

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presentence report is issued, you read it carefully and discuss
  it in detail with Mr. Sapone before your sentencing date. If
   there are any mistakes, inaccuracies or other issues in the
  report, make sure you point them out to him so that he can point
   them out to me before I sentence you; and you and he will also
  both have the right to speak on your behalf before I impose the
   sentence, and the date for that will be?
 8
             THE CLERK: May 20th, 2021, at 3:30 p.m.
 9
                        Does that work for everybody?
             THE COURT:
10
            MR. SAPONE: One moment, Your Honor, please.
11
            MR. FELTON: Yes, Your Honor.
12
             THE COURT: I assume we will be done with Mr. Klein's
13
   trial by then; and even if we're not, our trial day only goes
  until 2:30.
14
15
             MR. SAPONE: So this is Ed, Your Honor. I am free
   because I had his trial from the 10th for a few weeks, so I'm
   free all that time.
17
18
             THE COURT: All right. Excellent. No application as
   to bail? Bail is to be continued?
19
20
            MR. FELTON: Yes, Your Honor.
21
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Randolph, do you
   understand that all of the conditions on which you have been
22
23
   released up until now continue to apply?
```

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.

THE COURT: And do you understand the consequences can

```
be very serious if you violate any of those conditions?
 2
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. I do.
             THE COURT: And do you further understand that if you
 3
  fail to appear for sentencing, you will be guilty of a separate
   crime called bail jumping for which you could be sentenced to
  imprisonment and a fine on top of whatever sentence you are
   going to receive for the offense to which you have just pleaded
   quilty?
             THE DEFENDANT: I understand. Yes, ma'am.
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Sapone, can you contact
10
11 Probation in the next week or so and arrange for that interview
12 to occur within the next four weeks?
            MR. SAPONE: Yes, I will, Your Honor.
13
             THE COURT: And, Mr. Felton, can you make sure that
14
15 Probation gets the government's summary of the facts within the
16 next two weeks?
17
            MR. FELTON: Yes, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: And can you both remember to send
18
19 hardcopies of your sentencing submissions to chambers?
20
            MR. FELTON: Yes, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: All right. Anything else we need to do
21
22 this afternoon?
23
             MR. FELTON: Not from the government. Thank you, Your
24 Honor.
25
            MR. SAPONE: No.
                               Thank you, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: All right. Thank you all. Stay healthy,
 1
 2 everybody. See you in the springtime.
             MR. SAPONE: You, too, Your Honor. Thank you.
 3
             (Time noted: 3:15 p.m.)
 4
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